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Patent No. 6,934,760

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Name of Patentee: Westbrook et al.

Patent Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS
FOR RESEQUENCING OF PACKETS INTO
AN ORIGINAL ORDERING USING
MULTIPLE RESEQUENCING
COMPONENTS

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the United States Postal Service
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Kirk D. Williams *8/30/05*

Kirk D. Williams, Esq.

**REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION OF
PATENT FOR PATENT OFFICE MISTAKE (37 C.F.R. § 1.322)**

Attn: Certificate of Correction Branch
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

**Certificate
SEP 08 2005
of Correction**

Dear Sir:

It is requested that a Certificate of Correction be issued to correct Office mistakes found
the above-identified patent. Attached hereto is a Certificate of Correction which indicates the
requested correction. For your convenience, also attached are copies of selected pages (a) from
the issued patent with errors highlighted, and (b) from the original application as filed February
4, 2001.

In re US Patent No. 6,934,760

It is believed that there is no charge for this request because applicant or applicants were not responsible for such error, as will be apparent upon a comparison of the issued patent with the application as filed or amended. However, the Assistant Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fee that may be required to Deposit Account No. 501430.

Respectfully submitted,
The Law Office of Kirk D. Williams

Date: August 30, 2005

By



8/30/05

Kirk D. Williams, Reg. No. 42,229
One of the Attorneys for Applicants
CUSTOMER NUMBER 26327
The Law Office of Kirk D. Williams
1234 S. OGDEN ST., Denver, CO 80210
303-282-0151 (telephone), 303-778-0748 (facsimile)

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 6,934,760

DATED : Aug. 23, 2005

INVENTOR(S) : Westbrook et al.

It is certified that error(s) appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Col. 6, line 26, replace "1115" with -- 115 --

Col. 11, line 28, replace "table 43 IA" with -- table 431 A --

Col. 15, line 19, replace "thereof" with -- thereof --

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER:

Kirk D. Williams, Reg. No. 42,229
Customer No. 26327
The Law Office of Kirk D. Williams
1234 S. Ogden Street, Denver, CO 80210

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⇒ NONE (0)

which communicate and coordinate actions among themselves. The reassembly components distribute information as to received packets and coordinate the sending of packets from themselves so as to produce the reassembled larger packets. In one embodiment, each of the multiple reassembly components maintains one or more data structures indicating packets stored locally and those packets stored anywhere (or elsewhere) within the multiple reassembly components. When all packets comprising a larger packet are received by one of the distributed resequencing components, the reassembly components transmit their packets typically over a common bus or link in a coordinated fashion as to produce the original larger packet.

Details of Exemplary Embodiments

FIGS. 1A–1D and their discussion herein are intended to provide a description of various exemplary embodiments and operating environments in which the invention may be practiced. FIG. 1A illustrates an embodiment including a computer system resequencing and/or reassembling packets according to the invention. FIGS. 1B–D illustrate embodiments including various packet switching systems resequencing and/or reassembling packets according to the invention.

FIG. 1A illustrates a block diagram of one embodiment of a device 100 with resequences or reassembles a received one or more streams of packets. Embodiments of device 100 include a routers, computer systems, other communications devices, etc., or components thereof. As shown, device 100 includes processor and/or control logic 102 (hereinafter "processor"), memory 101, storage devices 104, network interface(s) 105, and one or more internal communications mechanisms 103 (shown as a bus for illustrative purposes). In one embodiment, processor 102 controls the operations of device 100 to resequence and/or reassemble packets according to the invention. Memory 101 is one type of computer-readable medium, and typically comprises random access memory (RAM), read only memory (ROM), integrated circuits, and/or other memory components. Memory 101 typically stores computer-executable instructions to be executed by processor 102 and/or data which is manipulated by processor 102 for implementing resequencing and/or reassembly functionality in accordance with the invention. Storage devices 104 are another type of computer-readable medium, and typically comprise disk drives, diskettes, networked services, tape drives, and other storage devices. Storage devices 104 typically store computer-executable instructions to be executed by processor 102 and/or data which is manipulated by processor 102 for implementing resequencing and/or reassembly functionality in accordance with the invention.

In one embodiment, device 100 operates as a router, bridge, switch or other communications device attached to a communications network 107. Packets sent from source 108 over link 109 to communications network 107 are relayed over one or more links 106 to device 100. Device 100 receives the packets, internally routes and resequences and/or reassembles the packets according to the invention. In one embodiment, device 100 consumes the resequenced and/or reassembled stream of packets. In one embodiment, device 100 sends the resequenced and/or reassembled stream of packets out one or more links 106 to destination 112, which receives these packets from communications network 107 over link 111.

In one embodiment, device 100 operates as a computer or communications system which receives from source 108 an

out of order stream of packets and/or disassembled stream of packets. Device 100 receives the packets and resequences and/or reassembles the packets according to the invention. In one embodiment, device 100 consumes the resequenced and/or reassembled stream of packets. In one embodiment, device 100 sends the resequenced and/or reassembled stream of packets out to destination 112.

FIGS. 1B–D illustrate the basic topology of different exemplary packet switching systems resequencing and/or reassembling packets according to the invention. FIG. 1B illustrates an exemplary packet switch 115 having multiple inputs and outputs and a single interconnection network 120. FIG. 1C illustrates an exemplary packet switch 140 having multiple interconnection networks 141 and folded input and output interfaces 149. FIG. 1D illustrates an exemplary folded packet switch 160 having multiple interconnection networks 161 and folded input and output interfaces 169. Embodiments of each of these packet switches 115, 140 and 160 resequencing and/or reassembling packets according to the invention in the manners disclosed herein along with all possible embodiments within the doctrine of equivalents. Of course, the invention is not limited to these illustrated operating environments and embodiments, and the packet switching systems may have more or less elements.

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FIG. 1B illustrates an exemplary embodiment of a packet switch 115. Packet switch 115 comprises multiple input interfaces 117, interconnection network 120, and output interfaces 129. Input interfaces 117 and output interfaces 129 are both coupled over multiple links to interconnection network 120. Line cards 116 and 131 are coupled to input interfaces 117 and output interfaces 131. In some embodiments including other packet switching topologies, line cards or their functionality may be included in the packet switch itself, or as part of the packet switching system.

In one embodiment, interconnection network 120 comprises multiple switch elements SE-1 122, SE-2 125, and SE-3 128 that are interconnected by multiple links. Line cards 116 and 131 may connect to other systems (not shown) to provide data items (e.g., packets) to be routed by packet switch 115. Although resequencing and reassembly of packets can be accomplished in other components in accordance with the invention, typically packets are resequenced and/or reassembled in output interfaces 129.

FIG. 1C illustrates another exemplary operating environment and embodiment of a packet switch 140. Packet switch 140 comprises multiple folded input and output interfaces 149 interconnected over multiple links to interconnection networks 141, which are interconnected over multiple links returning to input and output interfaces 149. In one embodiment, interconnection networks 141 comprise multiple switch elements SE-1 142, SE-2 145, and SE-3 148 also interconnected by multiple links. Interfaces 149 may connect via bi-directional links to line cards 139 that connect with other systems (not shown) to provide data items (e.g., packets) to be routed by packet switch 140. Although resequencing and reassembly of packets can be accomplished in other components in accordance with the invention, typically packets are resequenced and/or reassembled in input/output interfaces 149.

FIG. 1D illustrates another exemplary operating environment and embodiment of a packet switch 160. Packet switch 160 has a folded network topology. Packet switch 160 comprises multiple folded input and output interfaces 169 interconnected over multiple links to interconnection networks 161, which are interconnected over multiple links returning to interfaces 169. In one embodiment, intercon-

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FIG. 3 illustrates one embodiment of a mechanism for distributed resequencing and reassembly of packets in the context of a packet switching system 300. In this exemplary embodiment, packets are distributed by a packet switch 301, such as an eight plane packet switch, to four distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D. In one embodiment, each of two planes of the packet switch 301 are connected to one of the distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D over links 302A-H. Distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D communicate and coordinate the resequencing and reassembly operations over ring 304A-D. In a coordinated fashion, distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D send packets on packet merge bus 305B-E to produce the resequenced and reassembled packets. The operation of a distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D are further described in relation to FIGS. 4A-D, 5-8.

One embodiment of distributed resequencing and reassembly component 303B (FIG. 3) is shown in FIG. 4A. Packets are received by the packet memory manager over links 302C-D from the packet switch 301. An exemplary format of such packets is illustrated in FIG. 4B. A packet 430 includes a cell header 431 and cell payload 432. The cell header has various fields, including a packet type, source, destination, fabric priority, sequence number, packet length, reserved field, and cyclic redundancy check or error-correcting code value as illustrated in table 43 IA. The packet payload 432 may contain part or all of one or two packets (e.g., a single 96 byte packet 432A or two 48 byte packets 433-434) in a payload 432B. Of course, FIG. 4B illustrates one of numerous packet formats which may be in embodiments of the invention.

Packet memory manager 420 maintains the packet payloads and sends the received packet headers to the packet resequencer 402 over link 419. In addition, packet memory manager 420 receives a data structure representing a reassembled packet from packet reassembler 410 over link 418. Packet memory manager then retrieves from memory any packet payloads stored locally corresponding to the reassembled packet. Each of the distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D places packets on the packet merge bus 305B-305E to generate the reassembled packet, which is sent out packet merge bus 305E to another component or device.

The operation of one embodiment of packet memory manager 420 is illustrated in FIG. 7. Incoming packets are received on links 302C-D and placed in incoming packet queues 713. Packets are then removed from incoming packet queues 713 and sent to the packet data memory controller 715. The packet payloads are then stored in packet data memory 717. The packet headers are simultaneously sent by packet data memory controller 715 over link 419 to packet resequencer (FIG. 4A). The operation of the other elements of packet memory manager 420 will be described hereinafter in relation to the packet merge process.

Packet resequencer 402 receives these packet headers and operates in conjunction with the packet resequencers of the other distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A,C-D. In one embodiment, packet resequencer 402 uses a local and a global data structures to resequence packets.

FIG. 4C illustrates one embodiment of these data structures. A local data structure 440 is used to identify packets which are received and locally stored. Local data structure 440 may take the form of a ring buffer 442 with a current

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position pointer 444 which is updated using the current sequence number. Ring buffer 442 could be implemented using a linked list, array, or other data structure format. Ring buffer 442 has numerous buckets 443A-H (only eight are shown for illustration convenience) with the number of buckets typically related to the size of the out of order window. An example of an bucket entry 447 includes a packet header field 448 and payload pointer field 449. The packet header field 448 will contain the received packet header fields, and the payload pointer points to the corresponding packet payload 449 stored in the packet memory manager 420. Newly received packet headers are placed in local data structure 440 at a bucket position offset from the current position pointer 444 based on the sequence number of the received packet header and the sequence number corresponding to the current position pointer 444.

A global data structure 450 is used to identify packet headers which are stored in any of the distributed resequencer and reassembly components 303A-D (or at least the other distributed resequencer and reassembly components 303A,C-D as the locally stored packet headers are identified in local data structure 440). Global data structure 450 may take the form of a ring buffer 452 with a current position pointer 454 which is updated using the current sequence number. Ring buffer 452 could be implemented using a linked list, array, or other data structure format. Ring buffer 452 has numerous buckets 453A-H (only eight are shown for illustration convenience) with the number of buckets typically related to the size of the out of order window. In one embodiment, each of the buckets 453A-H contains a binary flag to represent whether a corresponding packet header is stored in any of the distributed resequencer and reassembly components 303A-D (or at least the other distributed resequencer and reassembly components 303A-C-D).

Packet resequencer 402 coordinates its activities with the packet resequencers via the communication ring 304B, 404, 304C, and packet reassembler 410 communicates with the other packet reassembler over this ring 304B, 404, 304C. Periodically, packet resequencer 402 sends global update information to the other packet resequencers to identify the packet headers stored locally. Referencing the local and global data structures 440, 450 (FIGS. 4C-D) to determine what packets have been received by the distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D (FIG. 3), packet resequencer 402 can produce a stream of resequenced packet headers over link 405 to packet reassembler 410.

One embodiment of packet resequencer 402 is further described in relation to FIG. 5. The operation of packet resequencer 402 is controlled by control logic 510 which is interconnected with other elements via communications link 511. Embodiments of communications link 511 include most any communications mechanism, such as, but not limited to a bus, fully connected mesh, point-to-point links, etc. Control logic 510 process cell resequencing, stores and computes new resequencing state information based on information updates received from other distributed resequencer and reassembly components 303A,C-D, and sends updates to other distributed resequencer and reassembly components 303A,C-D.

Update messages representing the packets stored in the other distributed resequencer and reassembly components 303A,C-D are received over ring 304B and placed in input queue 502, and outgoing update messages are placed in output queue 506 and sent out over link 404. The local and global data structures 440, 450 (FIGS. 4C-D) are updated and stored in data structure cache RAM 514. In one

table 43IA

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packet descriptor to outgoing packet queues 705. Reassembled and partially reassembled packets arrive at outgoing packet queues 705 on link 305B. Each packet has a sequence number associated with it, and if a packet in outgoing packet queues 705 has a sequence number with a lower value, it is sent out on link 305C before the incoming packet. Otherwise, the incoming packet is passed through.

In view of the many possible embodiments to which the principles of our invention may be applied, it will be appreciated that the embodiments and aspects thereof described herein with respect to the drawings/figures are only illustrative and should not be taken as limiting the scope of the invention. For example and as would be apparent to one skilled in the art, many of the process block operations can be re-ordered to be performed before, after, or substantially concurrent with other operations. Also, many different forms of data structures could be used in various embodiments. The invention as described herein contemplates all such embodiments as may come within the scope of the following claims and equivalents thereof

thereto.

What is claimed is:

1. A system for resequencing a stream of packets comprising:
 - a plurality of distributed resequencing components, each of the plurality of distributed resequencing components including one or more data structures for maintaining an indication of packets of the stream of packets that are stored in other distributed resequencing components of the plurality of distributed resequencing components;
 - a communications mechanism coupled to the plurality of distributed resequencing components to allow communication among the plurality of distributed resequencing components; and
 - one or more packet merging mechanisms coupled to the plurality of distributed resequencing components to receive packets of the stream of packets to produce a resequenced stream of the stream of packets.
2. The system of claim 1, further comprising a distributor for distributing the stream of packets to the plurality of distributed resequencing components.
3. The system of claim 2, wherein the distributor includes a plurality of paths through a packet switching system.
4. The system of claim 3, wherein at least two of the plurality of path are on different planes of the packet switching system.
5. The system of claim 1, wherein the communications mechanism includes a communication ring or bus.
6. The system of claim 1, wherein the one or more packet merging mechanisms includes a packet merge bus.
7. A packet switching system including the system of claim 1.
8. A router including the system of claim 1.
9. A system for resequencing a stream of packets comprising:
 - a plurality of means for resequencing the stream of packets, each of the plurality of means for resequencing the stream of packets including a data structure means for indicating which packets of the stream of packets are located in other of the plurality of means for resequencing the stream of packets;
 - a communications means coupled to the plurality of means for resequencing the stream of packets; and
 - a merging means for receiving packets from the plurality of means for resequencing the stream of packets and for producing a resequenced stream of the stream of packets.

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10. The system of claim 9, further comprising a packet switching means, connected to the plurality of means for resequencing the stream of packets, for distributing packets of the stream of packets to the plurality of means for resequencing the stream of packets.

11. The system of claim 9, wherein each of the means for resequencing the stream of packets includes a local data structure means for maintaining an indication of the packets stored locally within a particular means for resequencing the stream of packets.

12. A method for resequencing a stream of ordered packets performed by a particular component of a plurality of components, the method comprising:

- 15 receiving at least one packet of the stream of ordered packets;
- receiving an indication of a set of packets received in at least one other component of the plurality of components;
- 20 maintaining one or more data structures of the set of packets received in at least one other component of the plurality of components and the received at least one packet of the stream of ordered packets;
- maintaining a current position indication; and
- sending a particular packet out as part of the resequenced stream based on a value of the current position indication.

13. The method of claim 12, further comprising updating the current position indication based on the sending of the particular packet.

14. The method of claim 12, further comprising updating the current position indication based on the received indication of the set of packets contained in the at least one other component of the plurality of components.

15. The method of claim 12, wherein the sending of the particular packet includes coordinating the timing for sending of the particular packet with at least another component of the plurality of components.

16. The method of claim 12, wherein the indication of the set of packets contained in the at least one other component of the plurality of components is received over a communications ring or bus.

17. The method of claim 12, further comprising sending an update indication identifying the sent particular packet to one or more of the other components of the plurality of components.

18. The method of claim 17, wherein the update indication includes a sequence identifier of the sent particular packet.

19. The method of claim 12, wherein each of the packets of the stream of ordered packets is identified with a sequence identifier.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein the sequence identifier is a sequence number or a timestamp value.

21. The method of claim 12, further comprising storing the received at least one packet on a storage device or in a memory; and retrieving the received at least one packet from the storage device or the memory.

22. A packet switching system performing the method of claim 12.

23. A router performing the method of claim 12.

24. A computer system performing the method of claim 12.

* * * * *

From Patent Application Filed Feb. 4, 2001

packets according to the invention in the manners disclosed herein along with all possible embodiments within the doctrine of equivalents. Of course, the invention is not limited to these illustrated operating environments and embodiments, and the packet switching systems may have more or less elements.

5 FIG. 1B illustrates an exemplary embodiment of a packet switch 115. Packet switch 115 comprises multiple input interfaces 117, interconnection network 120, and output interfaces 129. Input interfaces 117 and output interfaces 129 are both coupled over multiple links to interconnection network 120. Line cards 116 and 131 are coupled to input interfaces 117 and output interfaces 131. In some embodiments including other
10 packet switching topologies, line cards or their functionality may be included in the packet switch itself, or as part of the packet switching system.

In one embodiment, interconnection network 120 comprises multiple switch elements SE-1 122, SE-2 125, and SE-3 128 that are interconnected by multiple links. Line cards 116 and 131 may connect to other systems (not shown) to provide data items
15 (e.g., packets) to be routed by packet switch 115. Although resequencing and reassembly of packets can be accomplished in other components in accordance with the invention, typically packets are resequenced and/or reassembled in output interfaces 129.

FIG. 1C illustrates another exemplary operating environment and embodiment of a packet switch 140. Packet switch 140 comprises multiple folded input and output
20 interfaces 149 interconnected over multiple links to interconnection networks 141, which are interconnected over multiple links returning to input and output interfaces 149. In one embodiment, interconnection networks 141 comprise multiple switch elements SE-1 142, SE-2 145, and SE-3 148 also interconnected by multiple links. Interfaces 149 may connect via bi-directional links to line cards 139 that connect with other systems (not
25 shown) to provide data items (e.g., packets) to be routed by packet switch 140. Although resequencing and reassembly of packets can be accomplished in other components in accordance with the invention, typically packets are resequenced and/or reassembled in input/output interfaces 149.

From Patent Application Filed Feb. 4, 2001

to one of the distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D over links 302A-H. Distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D communicate and coordinate the resequencing and reassembly operations over ring 304A-D. In a coordinated fashion, distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D send 5 packets on packet merge bus 305B-E to produce the resequenced and reassembled packets. The operation of a distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D are further described in relation to FIGs. 4A-D, 5-8.

One embodiment of distributed resequencing and reassembly component 303B (FIG. 3) is shown in FIG. 4A. Packets are received by the packet memory manager over 10 links 302C-D from the packet switch 301. An exemplary format of such packets is illustrated in FIG. 4B. A packet 430 includes a cell header 431 and cell payload 432. The cell header has various fields, including a packet type, source, destination, fabric priority, sequence number, packet length, reserved field, and cyclic redundancy check or error-correcting code value as illustrated in table 431A. The packet payload 432 may 15 contain part or all of one or two packets (e.g., a single 96 byte packet 432A or two 48 byte packets 433-434) in a payload 432B. Of course, FIG. 4B illustrates one of numerous packet formats which may be in embodiments of the invention.

Packet memory manager 420 maintains the packet payloads and sends the received packet headers to the packet resequencer 402 over link 419. In addition, packet 20 memory manager 420 receives a data structure representing a reassembled packet from packet reassembler 410 over link 418. Packet memory manager then retrieves from memory any packet payloads stored locally corresponding to the reassembled packet. Each of the distributed resequencing and reassembly components 303A-D places packets on the packet merge bus 305B-305E to generate the reassembled packet, which is sent out 25 packet merge bus 305E to another component or device.

The operation of one embodiment of packet memory manager 420 is illustrated in FIG. 7. Incoming packets are received on links 302C-D and placed in incoming packet queues 713. Packets are then removed from incoming packet queues 713 and sent to the

From Patent Application Filed Feb. 4, 2001

With regards to FIG. 7, packets arrive on links 302 C-D and are temporarily stored in incoming packet queues 713. Packets are forwarded from incoming packet queues 713 to packet data memory controller 715. Packet data memory controller 715 allocates memory for the packet, stores the packet in packet data memory 717, and forwards the 5 packet header which contains a pointer to the packet to resequencing engine 402 (FIG. 5) over link 419.

When packets are de-queued, a stream of packet descriptors arrive at packet merge queue 701 over link 418. Packet merge queue 701 forwards the packet pointers to packet data memory controller 715 which reads the packet out of packet data memory 717 10 and forwards it to the outgoing packet queues 705. Packet merge queue 701 also forwards the packet descriptor to outgoing packet queues 705. Reassembled and partially reassembled packets arrive at outgoing packet queues 705 on link 305B. Each packet has a sequence number associated with it, and if a packet in outgoing packet queues 705 has a sequence number with a lower value, it is sent out on link 305C before the incoming 15 packet. Otherwise, the incoming packet is passed through.

In view of the many possible embodiments to which the principles of our invention may be applied, it will be appreciated that the embodiments and aspects thereof described herein with respect to the drawings/figures are only illustrative and should not be taken as limiting the scope of the invention. For example and as would be apparent to 20 one skilled in the art, many of the process block operations can be re-ordered to be performed before, after, or substantially concurrent with other operations. Also, many different forms of data structures could be used in various embodiments. The invention as described herein contemplates all such embodiments as may come within the scope of the following claims and equivalents thereof.